

SIMULATION

Development of a test setup for the static and cyclic testing of a CF-SMC brake calliper within the framework of an integrative simulation workflow



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Aim and Objectives

Development of a test setup for the static and cyclic characterization of a novel motorcycle brake calliper design made of a thermoset-based carbon fiber reinforced sheet molding compound (CF-SMC).

Thick-Walled CF-SMC Brake Caliper

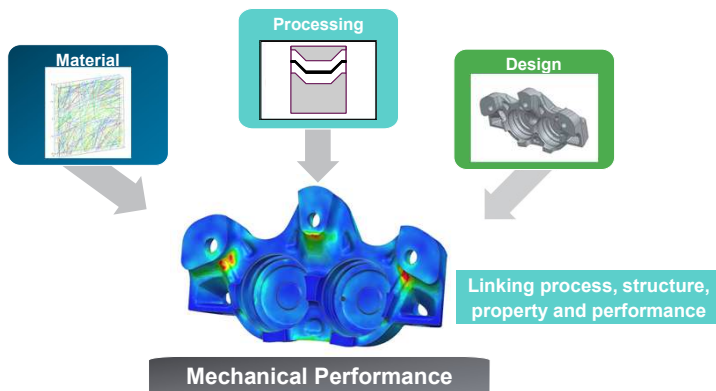


Challenges:

- Testing machine limitations → spatial boundaries, max. force
- Stiffness of the setup → superimposed deformations
- Load introduction → equivalent to real world conditions
- Complex material behavior → local anisotropy (fiber orientation)

Integrative Simulation – ICME

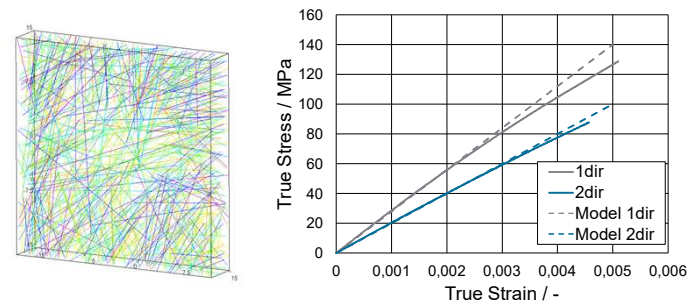
ICME ... Integrative Computational Materials Engineering



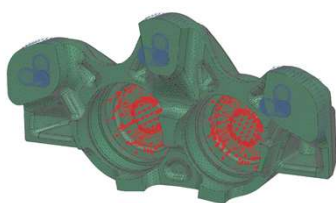
Material Modelling & Fiber Orientation

The material model of the CF-SMC material is reverse engineered by optimization of the unknown matrix properties using Simcenter MultiMech and Simcenter HEEDS.

- Calibration done on a RVE
- Based on experimental tensile test results

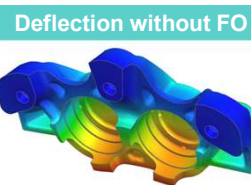


Results

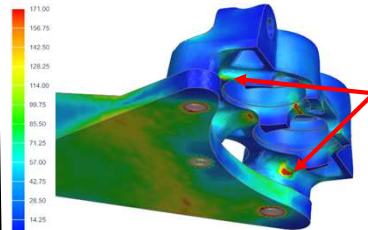
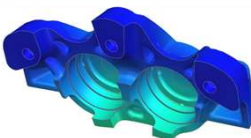


Calliper at operating loads

- SOL 402 Multi-Step Nonlinear Kinematics
- Fixed at attachment points
- Brake pressure of 5 bar



Deflection with FO



Highly loaded regions close to the rips
 $\sigma_{max} \geq \sigma_{al,SMC} = 171 \text{ MPa}$

Superimposed deformations of calliper & setup:
 $u_{max} = 3.5 \text{ mm}$



Conclusion & Outlook

- Fully integrative simulation workflow provides deeper insights to deformation behavior of SMC materials
 - Complex material behavior (local anisotropy)
 - Influence of process induced fiber (re)orientation
- Setup optimization needed
 - Superimposed deformation of calliper and setup
- Outlook
 - Fatigue analysis of whole setup

Acknowledgment: We especially want to thank Siemens Digital Industries Software for providing the software tools as well as the digital environment to carry out this project. This research were funded within the framework of the M-ERA.NET and "Produktion der Zukunft" project CARBOBRAKE (grant number 889149).